

NEWS CONDENSED.

Concise Record of the Week.

EASTERN.

Up to Oct. 1 there had been shipped, in round numbers, 2,700,000 gross tons of ironore from the harbors of Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota.

Nine cases of pleuro-pneumonia were discovered on the farm of William Chase, near Vienna, New Jersey. Three of them have already proved fatal.

The socialists of New Haven, during an address by Herr Liebknecht, put out of the hall a Russian anarchist who interrupted the proceedings.

Governor Pattison of Pennsylvania has instructed the Attorney General of the State to institute legal proceedings against the anthracite pool to prevent the contemplated advance in the price of coal after October 1.

At Hartford, Conn., Henry Hotchkiss, a musician, shot and killed his wife on a public street, and then fired a bullet into his own head, inflicting, however, only a slight wound.

The Rhode-Island Supreme Court has dismissed the bill brought before it in which it was sought to establish that the prohibitory amendment recently voted upon in that State did not receive the requisite three-fifths majority.

WESTERN.

Shrare & Wolf, dealers in sporting materials in San Francisco, failed with liabilities of \$33,000.

Major Harrison, in his annual message to the Chicago Council, reports the bonded debt of the city at \$12,035,500. The Police Department cost \$1,079,574 for the year, the Fire Department \$717,035, and the schools \$2,062,808. With the improvements in progress at the Water-works, a capacity of 154,000,000 gallons per day will be reached. The buildings annually erected average fifteen miles in frontage. The death rate of 18.7 per 1,000 is the lowest of any large city. There are eighteen patrol-wagons, twenty police stations, five police courts, and 1,032 members of the force.

The petroleum excitement at Manistee, Mich., has led to the purchase of all available land within one hundred miles, and the titles at auction bring fifty times their value.

A mob stormed the jail at Steelville, Mo., and took out R. P. Wallace, charged with murdering the Logan family, at Cuba. Wallace protested his innocence, and pleaded for mercy, but he was strung up to a tree and strangled to death.

The steamer La Mascotte, bound from Grand Tower, Ill., to Cape Girardeau, Mo., exploded her boilers opposite Neeley's Landing, on the Mississippi River, and was burned to the water's edge. The wreck floated nearly a mile below Willard's Landing, where it lodged on the shore. The tow-boat Eagle was within sight when the explosion took place, and rendered valuable assistance, rescuing all who were left alive. The Eagle took thirty-four persons to Cape Girardeau. Out of the crew of twenty-four, fourteen are saved, and the total loss of life is placed at between eighteen and twenty-two. The La Mascotte was a new boat, having been built at Evansville, Ind., during the last summer, at a cost of \$30,000.

Ice to the amount of two thousand tons has recently been forwarded from Chicago to San Francisco, at the rate of \$300 per car-load, and shipments will continue until the holidays.

Building and Loan Association, at No. 361 and robbed of money and papers to the value of \$14,000.

Judge Gary overruled the motion for a new trial for the Chicago anarchists, and informedly announced December 3 as the date for their execution. Each of the condemned men was given an opportunity to state his reasons why sentence of death should not be passed upon him. Spies left off with a written address and was followed by the lesser lights.

Damaging prairie fires have been raging in Western Manitoba.

Henry Sherman and Fred Munchrath, Sioux City saloonkeepers, were arrested in that city and placed in \$5,000 bonds each for alleged complicity in the murder of the Rev. George G. Haddock. H. L. Leavitt was also arrested in Chicago on the same charge, and John Arendorf was apprehended at Davyport.

SOUTHERN.

Frost damaged vegetation in certain sections of the South to 50 per cent.

Matt O'Brien, a New Orleans tough, killed his brother Hugh in a bar-room.

There have been thirty-one earth-quake shocks at Charleston since Aug. 27.

Atlanta's City Fathers have weakened on prohibition. The City Council has passed a resolution prohibiting breweries to deliver beer at private residences.

J. Juvenal, of New Orleans, sent a cable of ramie to the Cotton Exchange, and a cable of jute to the Produce Exchange, with letters stating that they were the first cables of those products ever grown in the United States.

By the explosion of the steamer Magee, near Cape Girardeau, Mo., six of the crew were burned to death by escaping steam; sixteen persons are known to have been drowned, and five deckhands and one passenger were fatally burned. It is feared that others perished whose bodies have not been recovered.

POLITICAL.

Congressional nominations: Sixth Kentucky District, John G. Carlisle, Democrat; Sixth Michigan, John H. Rutherford, Republican; Twenty-first Pennsylvania, Wm. McCallough, Republican; Ninth Massachusetts, J. E. Russell, Democrat; Sixth Virginia, Samuel L. Hopkins, a glazier of labor, vice J. B. Page, Read; Tenth Michigan, H. N. Loud, Republican; Twenty-first Pennsylvania, J. W. Latta, Democrat; Eighteenth New York, H. G. Burleigh, Republican; Thirty-third New York, J. B. Weller, Republican; Nineteenth Pennsylvania, Levi Marsh, Democrat; Fourth Connecticut, M. T. Granger, Democrat; Tenth Massachusetts, W. H. Fair, Prohibition; Seventh Massachusetts, W. H. Whiting, Republican; First Ohio, Samuel A. Miller, Democrat; Second Ohio, Hugh Ladd, Democrat; Eighth Pennsylvania, George D. Stetzel, Republican; Third Nebraska, G. W. Duray, First New Hampshire, Daniel G. Knobell, Prohibition; Eighth Missouri, James H. Harlan, Prohibition; Ninth Missouri, W. C. Wilson, Prohibition; Tenth Missouri, E. B. Grant, Prohibition; Sixth Texas, Judge A. B. Norton, Republican.

A Washington special says it is now known that Attorney General Garland had serious thoughts of resigning his office last spring, and offered his resignation to the President more than once. He was led to this partly by his poor health and partly by the criticisms on his course in connection with the Pan-Electric Company. But the President absolutely refused to entertain the idea, and told him by all means to remain where he was. Now that his health is considerably restored he will continue to hold the Attorney Generalship.

doubtless, as long as Mr. Cleveland holds the Presidency.

General John B. Gordon was elected Governor of Georgia on the 6th inst., there being no candidate in the field against him. There will not be over fifteen anti-prohibitionists in the Legislature, and only one Republican in the Senate.

The Colorado Democracy, in convention at Denver, placed in the field the following ticket: Governor, Alva Adams; Lieutenant Governor, H. B. Gillespie; Secretary of State, Jerry Mahone; Treasurer, James E. Benedict; Auditor, Casimiro Barea; Attorney General, Col. Sturman; Congressman, Rev. Myron Reed.

The platform favors free and unlimited silver coinage; criticizes the Republican party for creating and maintaining monopolies while in power, which resulted in a conflict between capital and labor; commands the Democratic Congress for refusing to suspend the silver coinage; and, for passing the surplus resolution; commands President Cleveland for his impartial execution of the civil-service law; congratulates the party upon its honest administration, and approves the reclamation of public lands. It sympathizes with the Irish home rule movement, favors interstate legislation as to railroad corporations, and denounces convict labor.

The Nebraska Democratic State Convention assembled at Hastings and nominated the following ticket: For Governor, James E. North; Lieutenant Governor, G. B. Bolby; Secretary of State, Richard Thompson; State Treasurer, J. F. Hale; Auditor, Thomas E. Binger; Attorney General, W. L. Green; Land Commissioner, Thomas W. Smith; Superintendent of Public Instruction, L. A. Cooley.

WASHINGTON.

Professor Wiley, the chemist of the Agricultural Department, who has charge of the sugar-making experiments at Fort Scott, telegraphs that he has met with complete success in extracting saccharine matter from sorghum.

The amount of United States currency outstanding is as follows:

Old Demand notes..... \$ 57,475

United States notes, all issues (green)..... 36,631,016

One-Year notes of 1863..... 50,735

Two-year notes of 1863..... 20,200

Compound interest notes..... 157,010

Fractional currency, all issues..... 15,329,040

Total..... \$62,331,425

The amount of national bank notes outstanding is \$93,082,437, a decrease during the last month of \$1,317,398, and a decrease since October 1, 1863, of \$13,970,367. This circulation is secured by \$65,612,547 in lawful money and \$290,103,400 in bonds; as follows: Currency notes, \$3,576,000; 4 per cent., \$56,276,100; 4 per cents, \$113,740,850; 3 per cent., \$56,515,450. The amount of outstanding is \$1,600,000; and currency, \$7,703,000.

The annual report of the Utah Commission shows that the law regarding the disfranchisement of polygamists has been fully and successfully enforced, and that a number of persons have been fined and imprisoned in the penitentiary for polygamy. Polygamous marriages are on the decrease.

THE INDUSTRIAL OUTLOOK.

Justice Gordon decided in the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, at Pittsburgh, that the slave-order act of June 29, 1861, is unconstitutional and void, inasmuch as it "persons are prevented from making their own contracts." In his opinion Judge Gordon says: "The act is an infringement of the rights of the employer and employee, and it is an insulting attempt to put the labor under legislative tutelage, which is not only degrading to the employer, but also to the employee."

Commissioner Sparks has just rendered a decision confirming the title of lands in New Orleans worth millions of dollars.

The Controller of the Currency has issued a report of the Prussian Ministry of Finance showing the budget of 1868 closing with a deficit.

Lawrence's cotton-mill and four houses at Cheshire, Lancaster County, England, were destroyed by fire. The loss is \$1,000,000.

Emperor William has sent to the Sultan of Morocco a gift of twelve volumes of the *Corpus Iuris Civilis*.

The order to remove cattle from the Sioux Reservation in Dakota has been revoked, and the stockmen are elated.

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